



COLEGIO ESPAÑA DE CONCEPCIÓN.  
DEPARTAMENTO DE INGLÉS.  
ENSEÑANZA MEDIA.  
THIRD GRADE/ WORKSHOP  
MAY,25TH. 2020

### REINFORCEMENT-

NAME.....CLASS..... DATE.....

Estimadas alumnas esta guía tiene por objetivo revisar algunas ideas, estructuras y conceptos vistos en las guías anteriores, donde se percibió algunos errores, en algunos casos, por favor escriban estos ejercicios en sus cuadernos para dejar el registro de la actividad con fecha 25 de mayo, recuerden que estas actividades son del taller de inglés.

#### aim 1: revisar el funcionamiento del discurso indirecto.

##### COMPLETE THE SENTENCE USING REPORTED SPEECH.

Reported speech. It is something that someone said before.

Structure reported speech: she said that +subject+verb in past tense+ complement.

Examples:

- |                                      |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1.- Sally wants to get a new job.    | 2.- Sally said that she wanted to get a new job.         |
| 1.- Peter wants to earn more money.  | 2.- Peter said that he wanted to earn more money.        |
| 1.- Sally speaks with Mr. Johnson.   | 2.- she said that she spoke with Mr. Johnson.            |
| 1.- Paul describes his weaknesses.   | 2.- Paul said that he <u>described his weaknesses.</u>   |
| 1.- Sarah explains her skills.       | 2.- Sarah said that she <u>explained her skills</u>      |
| 1.- David talks about his strengths. | 2.- David said that he <u>talked about his strengths</u> |
| 1.- Kevin has a lot of conditions.   | 2.- Kevin said that he <u>had a lot of conditions</u>    |
| 1.- Lucas works 12 hours a day.      | 2.- Lucas said that he <u>worked 12 hours a day.</u>     |

## YOU HAVE DONE A GOOD JOB

### SOME IDEAS TO REMEMBER

#### aim 2: recordar el uso del presente simple.

WHEN YOU SPEAK IN PRESENT SIMPLE YOU SHOULD REMEMBER THAT IN THIRD PERSON THE VERB CHANGE.

1. IN THIRD PERSON HE, SHE OR IT THE VERB ADDS AN S.
2. EXAMPLES: HE WORKS, SHE PLAYS, IT RAINS. SHE DANCES, HE LISTENS, SHE READS, HE WALKS, IT MEANS.
- 3.

BUT OTHERS VERBS ADD ES

THEY ARE VERBS ENDING IN : **SS--CH..SH..X....O...Y**

4. EXAMPLES:
5. I EXPRESS.....SHE EXPRESSES
6. I CATCH.....SHE CATCHES
7. I WASH.....SHE WASHES
8. I DO.....SHE DOES
9. I TRY.....SHE TRIES. here you change the **y** by **i**.and after you add **es**.
10. I STUDY .....SHE STUDIES.
11. I FIX.....SHE FIXES
- 12.

#### aim 3. recordar el uso del adjetivo posesivo (su)

HER OR HIS.

13. SHE EARNS **HER** MONEY
14. HE EARNS **HIS** MONEY.
15. YOU USE **HER** WITH THE SUBJECT **SHE**.
16. YOU USE **HIS** WITH THE SUBJECT **HE**.
- 17.
18. **LOOK AT THESE EXAMPLES.:**
- 19.
20. SHE PLAYS WITH **HER** SISTER.
21. HE DANCES WITH **HIS** MOTHER.
22. SHE.....HER
23. HE.....HIS
- 24.
25. aim 4. recordar el uso del pronombre I con mayúscula.
- 26.
27. I is a pronoun and you write this pronoun with capital letter.

28. I Am your friend.  
 29. I live in Chile  
 30. I work in a big company.  
 31.  
 32. when you answer a question: YOU START WITH THE SUBJECT.  
 33. aim 5.- recordar el uso de la expresión I want to.  
 34. Example  
 35. why do you want to work in this company? I want to improve my skills.  
**36. I want to + verb. this expression add a verb.**  
**37. examples:**  
 38. I want to be  
 39. I want to run  
 40. I want to work  
 41. I want to speak.

- 42. Complete these sentences with a verb.**  
 43.  
 44. Next year, I want to.....to Paris.  
 45. Next year, I want to study.....  
 46. Next week, I want to visit.....  
 47. Next Monday, I want to.....  
 48. Next month, I want to drive.....  
 49. Next Saturday, I want to go to.....  
 50.

El verbo want significa querer. I want/ she wants + to + infinitivo verbal.

**I want to work** as a lawyer in a big company.

**She wants to apply**

**She wants to have** a good salary.

WHEN YOU COMPLETE A DIALOGUE OR A CONVERSATION PAY ATTENTION IN THE QUESTIONS.

para contestar pon atención en la pregunta, tiempo del verbo, responder con el orden :  
 sujeto + verbo +predicado.

Examples:

1.-Why do you **want to** work in this company?

Because I have noticed that this company is very important.

Usé because porque la pregunta tiene WHY? Pero luego uso el sujeto I porque yo estoy respondiendo, más verbo, más complemento.

2.- how much money do you want to earn?

Well, I want to have a good salary

3.- what are your strengths?

I am creative, I can work in groups, I can create softwares, I can repair computers.

4.- what are your weaknesses?

Well, I have a high expectation about me so if I don't achieve my goals I become sad.

Strengths fortalezas profesionales.

Weaknesses: debilidades profesionales.

To answer an interview people should show all their skills and give personal information about their family, likes and dislikes etc.

**If you have new questions, ask me please.**